

VIRGINIA FREE PRESS.

CHARLESTOWN: THURSDAY MORNING, JANUARY 16, 1845.

THE WHIG LADIES OF JEFFERSON.

It is time that the Ladies of Jefferson, renowned for their beauty and intellect, should move in taking a meeting for the purpose of forming an auxiliary association to assist in raising funds for the erection of a Statue to Henry Clay.

Ladies of Jefferson! Call a meeting at once! Organize, and let those sneering "democratic" gentry who attempt to ridicule the idea of ladies taking a part in the questions of the day, which are alike momentous to them, see that you are possessed of the same indomitable Whig spirit in adversity, that you were when the skies were bright, and all things argued a brilliant triumph.

Then twice for him the laurel wreath, And time shall keep it green and bright. And raise his statue where the beam of Morning pours their earliest light.

Then early lead your children there, And while they lis his honored name, Breathe over them a mother's prayer, That they may emulate his fame.

Since the above has been in type, we have received a notice from the Ladies, calling a meeting on Friday afternoon next, at 2 o'clock at the Presbyterian Lecture room.

Washington County Bank. Reports prejudicial to the credit of this institution, were in circulation, both in our town and county last week, producing some little excitement, as considerable funds of that Bank were in circulation.

TO CAPITALISTS. The property offered for sale at Harpers-Ferry, by Mr. PATRICK BYRNE, is one that should engage the attention of capitalists, as it has within its bounds, several sites for the erection of public structures, which might be turned to advantage by an enterprising capitalist.

A VALUABLE WORK. There has been left for sale at this office, a comprehensive Atlas, Geographical, Historical and Commercial, by T. G. Bradford, containing about one hundred maps.

HE WONT STOP.—The President elect of the United States, in reply to a letter addressed to him by a committee of citizens of Harpers-Ferry, intimates his intention to decline all invitations to stop on his route to Washington.

THE HOAR AFFAIR.—In the Massachusetts Legislature, on Monday, a Message was received from Gov. Briggs, in relation to the expulsion of Mr. Hoar from South Carolina.

SENTENCED.—The Circuit Court of the District of Columbia, passed sentence on the 4th instant, on W. S. Wright, who was convicted nearly two years since, of obtaining money under false pretences from Gen. Van Ness and Edward Dyer.

THE NEW YORK AZORES, the representative of the present Administration, that city, has ceased to exist.

VALUABLE LANDS IN MARKET.

A rare opportunity is now offered to persons from a distance, who desire to purchase for themselves a comfortable home in Jefferson, as some of the most eligible farms, and those under the best state of cultivation in the county, are offered for sale.

"Beall's," the residence of L. W. Washington, Esq., is offered for sale. This farm contains 520 Acres of choice land as the county can boast of, and lies in a healthy and eligible section of country.

James M. Rawson, Esq., offers for sale, a tract of land containing 835 acres, within 34 miles of Charlottesville, in the vicinity of the Orange and Potomac Rail Road, seven miles of Harpers-Ferry, and within two miles of several large Flour Mills and two Woolen Factories.

Mr. JACOB STURGEON, offers an excellent farm containing 140 acres. The land is in good tillable order, and lies in a healthy situation, as well as an eligible one.

Mr. HENRY BOTELER, residing within half a mile of Shepherdstown, offers his farm for sale, containing 231 acres.

VALLEY BANK. The following statement was furnished to G. M. Dowell, by H. M. Brent, Esq., in relation to the condition of the Bank of the Valley in Virginia, in the office of Discount and Deposit, December 20, 1844:

Table with columns for various financial items: Notes of Banks incorporated by the State, Notes of Banks incorporated elsewhere, Due from other Banks, Notes discounted, Demand bills discounted, Bond account, Stock purchased to secure a debt, Cash on hand, Doubtful debts, Capital stock, Notes in circulation, and various other financial figures.

Due to other Banks, Discount, Contingent fund, Deposit money, In transit between Bank & Branches, Total, and various other financial figures.

WE observe that Mr. HUGH CONWAY, of the Fayette Mills, Frederick Co. Va., (formerly of Jefferson,) has presented each of the Winchester Editors with a barrel of flour.

GEN. JACKSON.—At the late Presidential election, according to the Missouri Republican, General Jackson presented his ticket and said, in emphatic a tone as he was capable of assuming, "I vote for Polk, Dallas and Texas."

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THE ART OF PRINTING.

Printers may boast of the value of their Art, but the sense of the people, in spite of the weekly if not daily papers afforded from the press, still continues to place but a poor estimate upon the facilities thus afforded.

At the present era, the people have daily advice of the acts and doings of their rulers. What was their condition but little more than a century ago? According to Hening, it was not until the year 1783, that the first newspaper was printed in Virginia.

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THE LOCOCOS IN PENNSYLVANIA.

The Lococoos in Virginia, treated with respect and esteem, are in Pennsylvania, treated with contempt and derision. The principle of protection, when the Whigs have visited them of the fact, and the extracts made from Lococo journals in that State were looked upon as being fabricated for the occasion.

We have before us now, the Message of Gov. Porter of that State, which fully sustains us in all we have ever said about the Lococoos and their banners.

The Governor speaks plainly on the policy to be pursued by Pennsylvania, and after recommending the maintenance of all the substantial points of the existing Tariff says: "I hazard nothing in asserting that neither of the Presidential candidates could have hoped, for a moment, to get a majority of the votes in this State, had not his claims been based upon the assurance that he was friendly to the continuance of the present tariff laws, substantially as they stand."

In connection with this subject he further says: "We believe that the tariff law of 1842, now in force, making reasonable allowance for inaccuracy and inconsistency in its minute details, is founded in a spirit of compromise and fair dealing, and is the wisest and most judicious measure of the tariff sections of the Union. To disturb it, except to correct its minor details, is to unsettle the whole system, to weaken its stability, and destroy the confidence, at home and abroad, in the wisdom and policy of the National Government, and to break down now and forever, all hope of competing the foreign trade in the interests to which this law extends some of its provisions."

THE RICHMOND EQUINOXIAL review of that paper of Gov. Porter's Message, which speaks of retaining the present Tariff duties "substantially as they stand," is short and pithy. There is too much bluster in the declamation, consequently Mr. Ritchie "touches it lightly." His conclusion is this brief: "This is carrying the recommendation and the assurance too far. It makes Pennsylvania the champion of the Whig cause, and the leading manufacturing interests in all the other States demand."

PENNSYLVANIA.—The Legislature of this State assembled at Harrisburg, on the 7th inst. In the House of Representatives, Findlay Patterson, of Armstrong county, received 49 votes for Speaker, and was elected. Charles B. Tregear received 38, Joseph S. Brewster 7, scattering 3. In the Senate, Wm. P. Wilcox had 22 votes; George Davis 5; scattering 2. The Locos have majorities in both Houses, and will elect their Senators, Wm. McClintock, J. R. Snowden, and Daniel Sturges, the present incumbent, are among the most prominent of the Lococoos for that office. Gov. Porter, it is said, has been actively engaged in canvassing for himself, among the Whigs, having secured the promised support of a number of Locos, which, with the Whig strength, would be sufficient to elect him, but the Whigs very properly decline their aid in such a coalition.

Mr. Adams is said to have declared in his opinion, that the United States would acquiesce in Texas without any objection on the part of Great Britain, who would then obtain a possession of Cuba. The report about his declaration is daily gaining ground. As for any such suggestion on the part of England, we must say, that the British Government, who are in the key to the Gulf of Mexico, and to the mouth of the Mississippi. We must resist such a policy on her part at the point of the sword and of the bayonet.

Graham's richly deserves the unprecedented success he has met with. When we reflect that he came to Philadelphia at twelve years of age, "a farmer boy," with a capital of ten dollars in his pocket, and that he has since then, by his labors during the day and studying at night, has become a man of letters, and that his first essay in the literary field was as an Assistant Editor in the Times;—that he has since then, by his industry and penmanship, called "The Casket," and by indomitable energy and perseverance has raised his book to the highest popularity in this country and Europe, as that of a self-made man richly merited, and honorable to him and the country. What young man in England, or any part of Europe, could have done the same!

The Winchester Republican in speaking of Graham's Magazine says: "As an evidence of Graham's success, in winning for his Magazine a cordial welcome in this country, we understand that he sends upwards of forty numbers to the Winchester post office."

THE "Weekly Post," is the title of a paper issued in Philadelphia, by BELA BAKER, Esq. It supplies the place of the "Forum," and is published at \$1 per annum. Any of our Whig friends desirous of procuring an able and spirited journal from Philadelphia, cannot do better than to subscribe for the "Weekly Post." It is neat in its typographical appearance, and altogether worthy of a liberal support.

COMMERCIAL OF BOSTON. The quantity of flour received at Boston during 1844, was 684,882 barrels, among which was the following: Flour, 29,030; Alexandria, 29,030; Georgia, 29,030; Richmond, 19,112; Other Ports in Virginia, 8,491.

The imports of grain at the same places in 1844, was of corn 1,939,352 bushels, and of oats 492,716 bushels, including the following: Corn, 32,774 13,397; Flour, 90,067; Rappahannock, 65,969; Alexandria & Georgetown, 84,910 3,800; Other places in Virginia, 65,444 3,600; Baltimore, 661,524 91,630; Other ports in Maryland, 4,288.

In 1843 there was received 1,540,306 bushels of corn and 405,032 bushels of oats. Take off or reduce the Tariff on foreign fabrics, and then what will the manufacturing interest be compelled to turn their attention to? To agriculture? Most assuredly, that, for thereby, they will at least gain a market for a substitute. This is one of the ways in which Virginia is blessed by the Tariff. By raising grain for the consumption of the manufacturers of the New England States.

The House of Representatives of Ohio, by a vote of 40 to 31, has adopted resolutions respecting those admitted at the session of the Legislature of that State in 1842, censuring the Hon. John Quincy Adams for having presented to the House of Representatives of the United States, a petition praying for a dissolution of the Union.

The New York Sun says, the President, Directors and Company of the Plainfield Bank, New Jersey, have instituted two suits against James Gordon Bennett, for libel. One in the Superior Court, being damages at \$25,000; the other in the Supreme Court, damages \$50,000.

THE CLOVER FOOT.

"Henceforth the liberty party holds the whip hand in every respect; and the complete and full separation from its aims, its purposes, its political economy, its measures, and its men, is what, in my opinion, is necessary to the self-preservation, the growth, and the ultimate success of the liberty party."—Eunephorus.

"Here is evidence enough to show on which side fanatical Abolitionism is arrayed. It speaks as loud as the voice of 'seven thunders,' that they as a party are eternally opposed to the Whig party, as well as that they are on terms of amity with the Lococoos. It is evident, plain as noonday's sun, that the warfare of the pseudo 'liberty' party is not so directly arrayed against slavery, as it is against the Whig party itself. The 'head and front' of Abolitionism here boldly declares their opposition 'forever to the aims, purposes, economy, and men, of the Whig party,' without qualification. While not a word, or intimation is thrown out against the Lococoos party, though they espouse the darling Texas, with all the affection that a mother would do her only child. We are not in the habit of making appeals to the South as a people, yet we call them to mark this coalition, which is at work: 'Forewarned, forearmed.'"

The statement so often made in Congress and elsewhere, that the amount of the debt of Texas is unknown, has been corroborated by the newly elected President of that Republic in his recent message to the Texas Congress. One of his recommendations to that body is "the passage of a law for ascertaining and classifying the public debt of the country, by requiring all persons having claims against it to present the same to the Treasury Department within a definite period." Yet with this acknowledgment on the part of the President of that Republic, do we find some of our American populists, with an over-weening anxiety, pressing the claims of Texas with her millions of public debt. It is indeed a monstrous thing, whilst the American name has been dishonored and whilst the country has stood disgraced in the eyes of the world in consequence of the sin of repudiation, as we could not pay our own debts, that we propose to assume the debt of a foreign nation to an indefinite amount. We know neither what these debts are—whether ten or twenty millions of dollars, or twice that amount—and just as little do we know what the resources of Texas are, wherewith to meet this debt. Should not national honor, national honor, every feeling of patriotism, prompt us to preserve our own credit and character before going abroad to pay the debts of a foreign country?

THE POPULAR VOTE. We annex a full and complete statement of the official popular vote in the several States at the late Presidential election:

Table with columns for State, Clay, Polk, Brewey. Maine 34,316 45,719 4,837; New Hampshire 17,866 27,160 4,161; Massachusetts 67,009 53,029 10,820; Connecticut 32,873 29,841 1,943; Rhode Island 7,322 4,675 5; Vermont 26,770 18,041 3,924; New York 214,454 227,555 15,740; New Jersey 38,418 37,425 1,121; Pennsylvania 161,203 167,536 3,133; Delaware 6,267 5,965; Maryland 35,894 29,676; Virginia 43,677 49,570; Ohio 155,057 149,115 8,050; Kentucky 61,355 51,988; North Carolina 43,223 39,387; South Carolina 40,830 29,911; Georgia 49,106 44,155; Alabama 25,935 27,497; Indiana 67,867 70,181 2,106; Michigan 45,107 57,067 2,570; Wisconsin 21,237 27,703 3,632; Missouri 79,500 59,729; Louisiana 13,883 13,772; Mississippi 31,951 41,639; Arkansas 5,504 9,546; Total 1,297,912 1,336,196 62,127.

Mr. Polk's majority over Mr. Clay, exclusive of South Carolina, is 38,281. If to this be added 20,000 as the majority for Mr. Polk in South Carolina, whose vote is not included in the above, the Legislature of the State choosing her Electors, Mr. Polk's aggregate majority over Mr. Clay is 58,281.

The Abolition vote, assisted above, is 62,127, and exceeds Mr. Polk's majority over Mr. Clay by 2,846. Mr. Polk, it will thus be seen, has been elected President of the United States by a minority of the popular vote.

The public improvements of Pennsylvania have yielded during the year 1844, the aggregate sum of \$1,167,693, being an increase over the year 1843 of \$173,199. This receipt exceeds the expenditures by the sum of \$619,658.92.

It is stated on the authority of the minutes of the General Conference, that there are one hundred and thirty-seven thousand colored members of the Methodist church, in the slaveholding States, and eight thousand three hundred and forty five in all the non-slaveholding States.

The Indiana Senate again postponed the election of U. S. Senator on the 30th ult. to the 6th instant, by the casting vote of the Lieutenant Governor.

The amount of Auction duties paid into the Treasury of the State of Maryland, during the year ending on the 1st of December, 1844, was \$20,662.50.

The National Vindicator of Texas, the government organ, we believe, thinks that Texas will demand better terms from the U. S. States than she obtained under the late treaty, before she will again consent to annexation.

Gov. Wright, of New York makes an admirable recommendation in his Message, and one which should be carried out not only in New York but in every State in the Union, in reference to betting on elections. He recommends that the practice should be made punishable criminally, and that the parties to every bet made upon the result of an election should be subject to indictment, and, upon conviction, to a fine to be graduated by the amount of the wager.

THE "LOAVES AND FISHES."

The following precious paragraph in reference to the beautiful "loaves and fishes" of the induction of Mr. Polk into office, will be taken from the Cleveland (Ohio) Plaindealer, a Lococo paper of the first water: "Had the paragraph first appeared in a Whig journal, it would have been pronounced a 'whig lie,' and we doubtless would have been told the 'democracy' were too 'patriotic' and too much devoted to 'principles' to hunger and thirst for office. The 'Plaindealer' says: 'I fear that the scenes of 1841, will be enacted again in Washington next March. Already are the office-hunters circulating their petitions for the offices. Democratic members are best daily for their names by these patriotic gentlemen. I hope some one will make it his business to expose these men to the new President, who, three months before he comes into power, are after the offices like hungry wolves.'"

Here, then, is good Lococo authority that there are shoals of rapacious comorants, or 'loaves and fishes' were foremost in their thoughts. And the favorite old whig cry of Gen. Jackson, 'to the victors belong the spoils,' will be thought of in this connection. The 'Plaindealer' further tells us that the 'patriotic' Lococo party had something more substantial before their minds' eye, when they made such displays, than their love for principle—although they gave such an earnest, when they made the welkin ring with cries for 'Polk and Dallas.' It is an obvious enough, that the 'loaves and fishes' were foremost in their thoughts. And the favorite old whig cry of Gen. Jackson, 'to the victors belong the spoils,' will be thought of in this connection. 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